

### Wordle

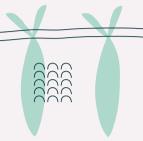
Go to <u>www.menti.com</u> and use the code **94 22 83 9** 

### Introductions

Meet the presenters







## Adolescent Development

Psychosocial, Physical, Cognitive, Social Emotional, & Gender/Identity

### Developmental Support

Interventions and activities for hospitalized adolescents



# What do you think of when you hear the words hospitalization or hospital?

To respond, go to www.menti.com and enter the code 94 22 83 9



### Introductions



#### Sydney

- M.S Child Life Student (2nd year)
- Born and raised in South Dakota
- B.S. in Child Development, Minor in Medicine, Health, & Society from Vanderbilt University
- Obsessed with my dog, Lucy
- Research interests: stress and hospitalization; health equity and social determinants of health

#### Chesney

- MS Child Life student (2nd year)
- Originally from North Carolina
- B.S. in Behavior and Health from Boston University
- Obsessed with plants
- Research interest:
  Supporting siblings
  following infant death





# What is happening developmentally in adolescence?

Psychosocial Development

Physical Development



Cognitive Development

Social Emotional Development



Gender & Identity Development



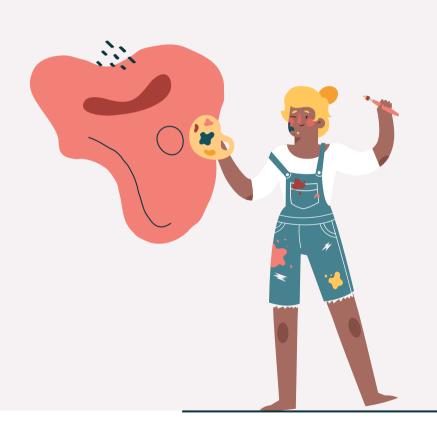
# Psychosocial Development

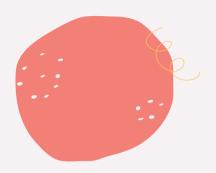
Identity versus Role Confusion

Central Question: Who am I?

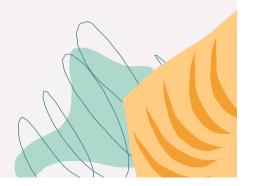
Risks: Redefining self after a new diagnosis,

body changes





- Body Image
  - Drawings of Self
  - Compliment board
- Redefining Self
  - Provide space for self-expression
    - I Am Poems
    - Photography
    - Journaling



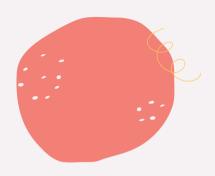


Typical: Puberty (growth spurts, menstruation and breast development, facial hair, etc.)

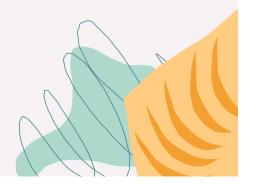
Risks: Lack of privacy, fear of bodily injury and pain, body image







- Provide privacy
  - Door signs
  - Discussions with caregivers and staff
- Diagnosis education
  - Developmentally appropriate information
- Procedural preparation and support
  - Develop a coping plan





## Cognitive Development

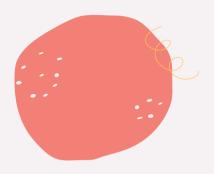
Formal Operations

Typical: Abstract thinking, future orientation

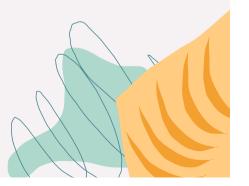
Risks: What does hospitalization mean for my future? What are my beliefs?







- What does hospitalization mean for my future?
  - o Given them real information
  - Give them space to process
  - Vision Board
- What are my beliefs?
  - Let them explore and ask questions, but be sure to prioritize patient and family centered care

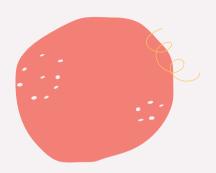




Typical: Peer acceptance, increased time with peers and decreased time with family, mood swings, sensitivity to stress

Risks: Separation from peers and family, dependence on caregivers, concerns about peer group status after hospitalization





- Teen groups & teen rooms
- Peer visits
- Therapeutic activities
- Mindfulness & relaxation techniques

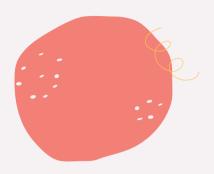




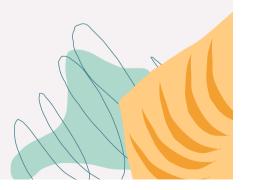
Typical: Gender expression, sexuality, and gender identity

Risks: Misuse of pronouns or names, assumptions based on appearance, lacking ability to express and/or explore self





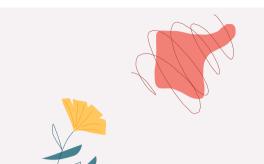
- Gender expression
  - Room decoration
  - Gowns
- Gender identity
  - Make notes on charts
  - Advocate
  - O Do not make assumptions (i.e. who is in the room?)
- Sexuality
  - Do not make assumptions(i.e. Are you dating anyone?)
- Remember the importance of privacy
  - Teens may share information they are not ready to share with their friends/family



While we discussed this topic from a child life perspective, many of these supports can be used in a variety of settings (e.g. counseling, community outreach, teaching).



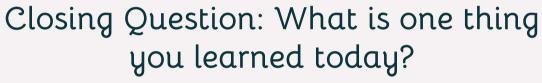






















## Thanks!

### Do you have any questions?

Chesney - <u>chesney.stein@uga.edu</u> Sydney - <u>sydney.kronaizl@uga.edu</u>



@ugachildlife



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